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LOGINID: SSPTAEXB1618

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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NEWS	1			Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2	OCT	02	CA/CAplus enhanced with pre-1907 records from Chemisches
				Zentralblatt
NEWS				BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
NEWS		NOV		Derwent Indian patent publication number format enhanced
NEWS		NOA		WPIX enhanced with XML display format
NEWS		NOV		ICSD reloaded with enhancements
NEWS				LINPADOCDB now available on STN
NEWS				BEILSTEIN pricing structure to change
		DEC		USPATOLD added to additional database clusters
NEWS				IMSDRUGCONF removed from database clusters and STN
NEWS				DGENE now includes more than 10 million sequences
NEWS	12	DEC	17	TOXCENTER enhanced with 2008 MeSH vocabulary in
				MEDLINE segment
NEWS				MEDLINE and LMEDLINE updated with 2008 MeSH vocabulary
NEWS				
NEWS	15	DEC	17	STN Viewer enhanced with full-text patent content from USPATOLD
NEWS	16	JAN	02	STN pricing information for 2008 now available
NEWS	17	JAN	16	CAS patent coverage enhanced to include exemplified
				prophetic substances
NEWS	18	JAN	28	USPATFULL, USPAT2, and USPATOLD enhanced with new
				custom IPC display formats
NEWS	19	JAN	28	MARPAT searching enhanced
NEWS	20	JAN	28	USGENE now provides USPTO sequence data within 3 days
				of publication
NEWS		JAN		TOXCENTER enhanced with reloaded MEDLINE segment
NEWS		JAN		MEDLINE and LMEDLINE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS		FEB		STN Express, Version 8.3, now available
NEWS				PCI now available as a replacement to DPCI
NEWS				IFIREF reloaded with enhancements
NEWS				IMSPRODUCT reloaded with enhancements
NEWS	27	FEB	29	WPINDEX/WPIDS/WPIX enhanced with ECLA and current
				U.S. National Patent Classification

NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3, AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 20 FEBRUARY 2008

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=> file caplus

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FULL ESTIMATED COST

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> s bisphenol a

76851 BISPHENOL

4936 BISPHENOLS 78332 BISPHENOL

(BISPHENOL OR BISPHENOLS)

21884327 A

66419 BISPHENOL A (BISPHENOL(W)A)

=> s adduct

86064 ADDUCT

68783 ADDUCTS

124304 ADDUCT

(ADDUCT OR ADDUCTS)

=> s 11 and 12

L3 4016 L1 AND L2

=> s phenol

259014 PHENOL

125481 PHENOLS

```
L4 324247 PHENOL
                (PHENOL OR PHENOLS)
=> s 13 and 14
     732 L3 AND L4
=> s filter
       284415 FILTER
       148755 FILTERS
       344158 FILTER
                (FILTER OR FILTERS)
=> s 15 and 16
          18 L5 AND L6
=> dup rem
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):17
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L7
            18 DUP REM L7 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d bib abs hitstr 1-18
    ANSWER 1 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN
    2007:1088242 CAPLUS
DN
     147:386412
    Process for producing bisphenol A
    Yoshitomi, Kazuyuki; Kodama, Masahiro; Masuda, Shuichi; Iwasaki, Shuji;
    Homma, Tomoki; Suda, Hideki
PA
    Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan; Tsukishima Kikai Co., Ltd.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 23pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
  Patent
DT
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                      A1 20070927 WO 2007-JP52724
ΡI
    WO 2007108259
                                                              20070215
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP,
            KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
            MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS,
            RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
            GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
    JP 2007246452 A
                           20070927
                                       JP 2006-73385
                                                               20060316
PRAI JP 2006-73385
                       A
                              20060316
    A process for producing bisphenol A with the use of a
     horizontal belt filter, the horizontal belt filter
     used for solid-liquid separation of slurry formed by crystallization of
bisphenol
     A/phenol adduct from a phenol solution
     of bisphenol A obtained by carrying out reaction
     between phenol and acetone in the presence of an acid catalyst,
     wherein the horizontal belt filter is fitted with a
     filter cloth of 50 to 100 mL/cm2·sec air permeability
     obtained by weaving a yarn of uniform diameter, which filter cloth
```

realizes prolongation of filter cloth lifetime and exhibiting of stable filtration performance.

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L8 ANSWER 2 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 2007:874129 CAPLUS
- DN 147:235644
- TI Process and equipment for recovery of bisphenol A
- IN Yoshitomi, Kazuvuki; Kodama, Masahiro; Masuda, Shuichi; Takegami, Keizou; Suda, Hideki
- Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan; Tsukishima Kikai Co., Ltd.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 19pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DТ Patent
- T.A Japanese

FAN.	CNT	1	

FAN.	CNT	1																
	PA:	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D.	ATE	
							-											
PI	WO	2007	0886	89		A1		2007	0809		WO 2	006-	JP32	5832		2	0061	226
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	GT, HN, HR, HU,		ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,		
			KR,	ΚZ,	LA,	LC, LK, LR, LS, L		LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,		
			MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA, NG, NI, N		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RS,	
			RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
			UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW							
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
			IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
	KG, KZ, MD,					RU,	ТJ,	TM										
	JP	2007	2044	33		A		2007	0816		JP 2	006-	2572	0		2	0060	202

PRAI JP 2006-25720 20060202 Α

AB The process for recovery of bisphenol A from an

isomerization fluid comprises feeding in the presence of phenol an isomerization fluid into a crystallizer which is equipped with an external jacket and has the function of scraping a deposit on the inside wall with scraper blades while cooling the inside of the crystallizer by passing cooling water through the external jacket to crystallize a bisphenol A/phenol adduct in the

presence of phenol, scraping the adduct deposited on

the inside wall of the crystallizer to obtain a slurry containing the adduct, filtering and washing the slurry with a solid-liquid separation

batch-wise filter having a washing function to recover the adduct, and recycling the adduct to concentration step and/or

crystallization/solid-liquid separation step. The equipment for the recovery thereof is

constituted of a jacketed crystallizer having the function of scraping with scraper blades and a batch-wise filter having a washing function.

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 3 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L8
- AN 2006:1282835 CAPLUS
- DN 146:46743
- ТT Preparation of bisphenol A by reacting phenol
 - with acetone
- Blaschke, Ulrich; Westernacher, Stefan; Braun, Arne; Audenaert, Raymond; Zank, Jesko

```
PA Bayer Materialscience A.-G., Germany
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 14pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
    German
T.A
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                      ----
    EP 1728777
                       A1 20061206 EP 2006-10611 20060523
PΙ
        R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL,
            BA, HR, MK, YU
    DE 102005025788
                       A1
                             20061207
                                         DE 2005-102005025788 20050604
    SG 127857
                       A1
                             20061229
                                       SG 2006-3736
                                                               20060601
    CN 1872827
                       A
                             20061206 CN 2006-10084581
                                                               20060602
    KR 2006126403
                       A
                             20061207 KR 2006-49904
                                                               20060602
                            20061214 JP 2006-155618
    JP 2006335760
US 2007004941
                       A
                                                               20060605
                       A1 20070104
8 A 20050604
                                        US 2006-446368
                                                               20060605
PRAI DE 2005-102005025788 A
    CASREACT 146:46743
OS
AB
    Bisphenol A is prepared by the steps, (a) converting
    phenol and acetone in the presence of sulfonic acid ion exchanger
    and a cocatalyst to bisphenol A containing mixture, (b)
    continuous crystallizing bisphenol A-phenol
    adduct from the product mixture, (c) separating the bisphenol
    A-phenol adduct crystal by filtration, and
    washing the filtration cake with phenolic solution, followed by distillative
    separation of water from the liquid phases, (d) preparing a homogeneous
solution containing
    15-35%, preferably 20-30% bisphenol A, 0.05-2%,
    preferably 0.1-1.1% isomers and 0.1-10% water in phenol from the
    filter cake in step (c), (e) continuous crystallization of a bisphenol of
    A-phenol adduct from the solution in ≥1
    crystallizer, (f) separation of the bisphenol A-
    phenol-Adduct crystals by filtration, and washing the
    filter cake with phenolic soln, (g) removal of phenol
    from bisphenol A-phenol adduct by
    heating up at a temperature ≥120°.
             THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L8
    ANSWER 4 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN 2005:811722 CAPLUS
DN
    143:212285
TΙ
    Production of bisphenol A with a reduced sulphur
    content
    Neumann, Rainer; Blaschke, Ulrich; Westernacher, Stefan
TN
PA
    Bayer Materialscience A.-G., Germany
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
    Patent
LA
    German
FAN.CNT 1
                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
    WO 2005075395 A1 20050818 WO 2005-EP614
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
```

NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,

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TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
            EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
            RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
            MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    DE 102004005723
                               20050825
                                           DE 2004-102004005723
                         A1
                                                                 20040205
    EP 1713751
                         A1
                               20061025
                                          EP 2005-701120
                                                                  20050122
        R: BE, DE, ES, NL, PL
    CN 1914140
                        A
                               20070214
                                        CN 2005-80003734
                                                                 20050122
    JP 2007520501
                         Т
                              20070726
                                          JP 2006-551753
                                                                 20050122
    US 2005215833
                        A1
                              20050929
                                          US 2005-43800
                                                                 20050126
    US 7112703
                        B2
                              20060926
    IN 2006CN02859
                        A
                              20070706
                                          IN 2006-CN2859
                                                                 20060804
PRAI DE 2004-102004005723 A
                              20040205
    WO 2005-EP614
                              20050122
                        TAT
    Bisphenol A monomer having a low sulfur content,
```

manufactured by the ion exchanger-catalyzed condensation of phenol with acetone, is prepared by filtering the crude sulfur particle-containing reaction mixture and then crystallizing and filtering out the bisphenol A-phenol adduct.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 5 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L8
- 2005:960149 CAPLUS AN
- DN 143:248790
- TI Method for manufacturing bisphenol A
- IN Koga, Yoshio
- PA Mitsubishi Chemical Corp., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
 - CODEN: JKXXAF
- Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN.CNT 1

AR

	PA:	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	ΑP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP	2005232134	A	20050902	JP	2004-46491	20040223
PRAI	JP	2004-46491		20040223			

In the title method including the step of subjecting the slurry of bisphenol A-phenol adduct to

solid/liquid separation, multiple solid/liquid separators are used, the solid obtained from the preceding solid/liquid separator(s) is dispersed again in a solvent to give a slurry, and the resulting slurry is subjected to

solid/liquid separation by the following solid/liquid separator(s): this

operation

is done once or ≥ 2 times. The first solid/liquid separator is a rotary drum filter type solid/liquid separator; the following solid/liquid separators are screen bowl type solid/liquid separators. An addnl. claim deals with the washing of the cake [obtained by solid/liquid separation in the screen bowl type solid/liquid separator(s)] by using phenol. The title method provides highly pure bisphenol

- ANSWER 6 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ΔM 2004:740283 CAPLUS
- DN 141:245239
- ΤТ Process for recovering an adduct of a bis(4-hydroxyaryl)alkane and a phenolic compound
- TN Patrascu, Emil; Frey, Johann-Wilhelm; Hagel, Manfred
- PA Dow Global Technologies, Inc., USA; Dow Deutschland Inc.

```
SO PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
T.A
   English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                                   -----
     WO 2004076394 A1 20040910 WO 2004-US1118 20040116
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE,
             BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU,
             MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
             GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1597224
                         A1 20051123
                                           EP 2004-702992
                                                                    20040116
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
CN 1753856 A 20060329 CN 2004-80004855 20040116

JF 2006518377 T 20060810 JF 2006-502852 20040116

US 2006224025 A1 2006103 US 2005-541779 20055718

IN 2005CN01964 A 20070727 IN 2005-CN1964 20050818

PRAI US 2003-448918P F 20030221

WO 2004-US1118 W 20040116
     A process for recovering a solid adduct of a
     bis(4-hydroxyaryl)alkane and a phenolic compound from a suspension
     comprising the addict, comprises the steps of: (a) supplying the
     suspension to a rotary filter; (b) filtering the supplied
     suspension in the rotary filter to retain adduct as an
     adduct cake; (c) pre-drying the adduct cake with an
     inert gas; (d) washing the pre-dried adduct cake; (e) optionally
     drying the washed adduct cake; and (f) discharging the washed
     adduct cake from the rotary filter. Thus, a pure
     bis(4-hydroxyaryl)alkane is obtained through the adduct
     recovered when it is melted and the phenolic compound is distilled off.
RE.CNT 2
             THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 7 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN 2004:354896 CAPLUS
DN 140:357057
TI Process for producing bisphenol A
IN Kodama, Masahiro; Hirano, Kazuyuki; Takegami, Keizou; Suda, Hideki
PA Idemitsu Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Tsukishima Kikai Co., Ltd.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA
   Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     WO 2004035512 A1 20040429 WO 2003-JP13184
                                                               20031015
         W: BR, CN, ID, IN, KR, SG, US, ZA
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
     JP 2004137197 A 20040513 JP 2002-303001
CN 1705627 A 20051207 CN 2003-80101538
                                                                   20021017
                                                                   20031015
CN 1/0562/ A
PRAI JP 2002-303001 A
                               20021017
OS CASREACT 140:357057
AB Disclosed is a process for producing bisphenol A which
```

```
comprises crystallizing an adduct of bisphenol A with phenol from a reaction mixture comprising phenol and acetone, subjecting the resultant slurry to solid-liquid separation, and
```

then
removing the phenol from the solid matter, characterized by
introducing the bisphenol A/phenol slurry
solution containing a bisphenol A/phenol
adduct in a crystalline state onto a horizontal endless belt

filter at a reduced pressure in a stream of a heated inert gas to form a layer of the crystalline bisphenol A/phenol adduct on the filter, separating the mother liquor from the adduct layer through the filter to regulate the liquid

content in the adduct layer to 30 weight% or lower, and then allowing the adduct layer to sep. from the filter by its own weight By the process, crystals of a bisphenol A

/phenol adduct can be stably and continuously separated from the mother liquor and the crystals having a high purity can be efficiently recovered. Phenol can be removed from

bisphenol $\bar{\mathrm{A}}/\mathrm{phenol}$ adduct by melting the adduct and distilling away phenol under reduced

pressure. Bisphenol A is a raw material for engeneering plastics such as polycarbonate and polyacrylate resins or epoxy resins.

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2004:203788 CAPLUS

DN 140:237533

TI Process for producing bisphenol A

IN Hirano, Kazuyuki; Ogata, Norio PA Idemitsu Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.	PATENT NO. PI WO 2004020377						D	DATE		APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.	D	ATE	
PI	WO	2004	0203	77		A1		2004	0311	WO 2	003-	JP96	04	 2	0030	729
		W:							AZ,							
									DM,							
									IS,							
									MG,							
									SC,					TJ,	TM,	TN,
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		RW:							SD,							
									AT,							
									IT,							
					CF,				GA,							
		2003				A1			0319						0030	
	EP	1541			011				0615						0030	
		R:							FR,							PI,
	ON	1678		51,	ы,	LV,			MK,							220
		2005		204					0907							
		2005							0119							
		7045						2006		05 2	005-	3233	20	2	0030	D T 1
DDAT								2006								
FRAI	RAI JP 2002-248141 WO 2003-JP9604							2002								
	WU	2003	-029	004		978		2003	0123							

OS CASREACT 140:237533

AB In the process, when bisphenol A is taken out of a reaction mixture, a high-purity adduct of bisphenol A with phenol is rapidly and efficiently recovered from the mother liquor resulting from the reaction. The process for producing bisphenol A comprises crystallizing a bisphenol A/phenol adduct from a bisphenol A/phenol adduct from a bisphenol A/phenol solution obtained by reacting phenol with acetone in the presence of an acid catalyst, subjecting the resultant slurry to solid-liquid separation, and then removing the phenol from the solid ingredient, wherein the phenol slurry solution of bisphenol A/phenol adduct in the form of crystals having an average particle diameter of 0.05 to 1 mm is poured on a filter and filtered under vacuum in an inert gas stream having an oxygen content of

form of crystals.

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

5,000 ppm by volume or lower at 30 to 80° to form a layer of the

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2004:433028 CAPLUS

DN 140:424094

TI Production method of high quality bisphenol A

IN Nohoshi, Hideki; Sato, Hideki; Hirose, Kenji; Hirano, Kazuyuki

A Idemitsu Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan

bisphenol A/phenol adduct in the

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent LA Japanese

LA Japanes FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2004149510	A	20040527	JP 2003-58984	20030305
	JP 3981334	B2	20070926		
PRAI	JP 2002-258427	A	20020904		
AB	Title method compris	ses (A)	a step of	obtaining a reaction mix	ture by

B Title method comprises (A) a step of obtaining a reaction mixture by condensation of excessive phenol and acetone in the presence of acid catalysts, (B) a step of concentration of the resulting reaction mixture,

a step of crystallization and separation of adducts of bisphenol A and phenol from the concentrated residual solution, (D) a step of dissoln, of the adducts of bisphenol A and phenol in phenol-containing solution, (E) a step of ≥1 repeated crystallization, separation, and dissoln. of the adducts of bisphenol A and phenol in phenol -containing solution, and (F) a step of heat-melting the adducts and removing phenol, wherein the filteration step between step A and step B by a filter and at least one filtration step between step D and step E by a filter are present. Thus, 10 mol phenol, 1 mol acetone, and ethylmercaptane were fed into a fixed bed tube reactor filled with Diaion SK 103H and reacted at 75°, the resulting reaction product was filtered with a filter, vacuum-distillated water, ethylmercaptane, and acetone at 170° under 67 kPa and phenol at 130° under 14 kPa to give 40% bisphenol A solution containing phenol, water was added therein, separated, heated at 90°, filtered with a glass fiber filter, repeated separation, heating, and filteration, and washed with phenol to give a bisphenol A-phenol adduct crystal, the resulting adduct crystal was heated at 130° to remove phenol and heated at 220° for 40

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min to give bisphenol A with APHA 10.
     ANSWER 10 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
1.8
AN
    2003:796633 CAPLUS
DN
    139:307600
TI Process for preparation and purification of bisphenol A
IN Kodama, Masahiro; Hirano, Kazuyuki; Ogata, Norio
PA Idemitsu Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     WO 2003082785
                        A1 20031009 WO 2003-JP3330
                                                                   20030319
PT
        W: BR, CN, ID, IN, KR, SG, US, ZA
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR
     JP 2003286214
                         A
                                20031010
                                          JP 2002-96701
                                                                    20020329
     EP 1491520
                                            EP 2003-712759
                          A1
                                20041229
                                                                    20030319
                               20050720
     EP 1491520
                         A9
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                        A 20050104 BR 2003-8849
A 2005077 CN 2003-807491
A 200500606 US 2005-508012
A 20020329
W 200303 US 2005-508012
             IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     BR 2003008849 A
     CN 1646458
                                                                    20030319
     IN 2004CN02133
US 2005222467
JP 2002-96701
WO 2003-JP3330
                                                                    20040924
PRAI JP 2002-96701
     WO 2003-JP3330
OS
    CASREACT 139:307600
AB
    This invention pertains to a method for production of bisphenol
     A which comprises subjecting a phenolic slurry of
     bisphenol A, wherein an adduct of
     bisphenol A with phenol is contained in a
     crystalline state, to filtration to form a layer of the crystalline adduct
     on the filter, washing the layer with a washing liquid, dissolving
     the resulting layer in a phenol-containing liquid, subjecting the
     obtained solution to crystallization to form a phenolic slurry of bisphenol
     A, wherein an adduct of bisphenol A
     with phenol is contained in a crystalline state, and centrifuging the
     later slurry to sediment the crystalline adduct. According to the
     process, an adduct of bisphenol A with
     phenol can be recovered efficiently at high purity.
RE.CNT 3
              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 11 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
L8
AN
    2002:185229 CAPLUS
DN
     136:249490
     Polymer, polymer microfiber, polymer nanofiber and applications including
     filter structures
IN
     Chung, Hoo Y.; Hall, John R. B.; Gogins, Mark A.; Crofoot, Douglas G.;
     Weik, Thomas M.
    Donaldson Company, Inc., USA; Donaldson Co Inc
SO PCT Int. Appl., 92 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA English
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FAN.CNT 7
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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	2002 2002				A2 A3		2002 2003	0314		WO	2001	-US24	948		2	0010	809
WO	Z002			7.1					D7	DE	DC	, BR,	DV	D7	CA	CH	CN
		CO.	CR.	CII.	CZ.	DE.	DK.	DM.	DZ.	EC	, EE	, ES,	ET.	GB.	GD.	GE.	GH,
												, KP,					
												, MX,					
												, TR,					
		VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW												
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ	, TZ	, UG,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,
												, DK,					
		ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF	, BJ	, CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,
			GW,	ML,													
	2003		94		A1			0612		US	2001	-8715	83		2	0010	531
	6743				B2			0601		0.7	2001	0.410	770			0010	000
	2419		71		A1 A		2002	0314				-2419 -8477				0010 0010	
	1358		/ 1		A2		2002			EP	2001	-9638	52			0010	
	R:		BE.	CH.					GB.	GF	. IT	, LI,	LU.	NL.			
			0.7	T P	* * * *		RO.	MK.	CY.	AL	, TR	,,	20,	1127	,	110,	,
BR	2001	0136	58	,	A			0120				-1365	8		2	0010	809
JP	2004	5084	47		T		2004	0318		JP	2002	-5256	79		2	0010	809
CN	1543	487			A			1103		CN	2001	-8151	65		2	0010	
CN	1763	274			A			0426		CN	2005	-1011	6222		2	0010 0010	809
CN	1765	983			A			0503		CN	2005	-1011 -1011 -2847	6220		2		
AU	2001	2847	71		B2			1207		AU	2001	-2847	71		2	0010	
EP	2001 2004 1543 1763 1765 2001 1733 1733 R:	776			A2			1220		EP	2006	-1422	1		2	0010	809
LF	R:	770	DE	CH	CV	DE	2007		EТ	r.	CD	, GR,	TE	тт	тт	T 11	MC
	к.		PT,			DE,	DI.,	EJ,	rı,	E P	, GD	, GR,	111,	11,	ы,	ьо,	nc,
RU	2300		,	,	C2		2007	0610		RU	2003	-1078	50		2	0010	809
	1820				A2		2007					-3080				0010	
EΡ	1820	553			A3		2007	1121									
	R:					DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FF	R, GB	, GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LI,	LU,	MC,
		NL,	PT,	SE,													
CN	1011	1773	6		A		2008					-1014				0010	
EP	1795 R:	200		CII	A1			0613				-1005 , GR,		TT		0010	
	R:		PT,			DE,	DK,	ES,	rı,	r r	, GD	, GR,	IL,	11,	ы,	LU,	MC,
EP	1795		,	55,	A1		2007	0613		EP	2007	-1047	79		2	0010	810
	R:		BE.	CH.								, GR,		IT.			
			PT,			,	,		,		.,	,,		,		,	,
CA	2419				A1		2002	0314		CA	2001	-2419	849		2	0010	821
	2001		56		A			0701				-1365				0010	
	1326				A2		2003			ΕP	2001	-9680	55		2	0010	821
ΕP	1326				B1		2005		on	0.0							
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	(, II	, LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
TD	2004			ы,	T,			0318			, TR	-5246	0.4		2	0010	021
	2977				_		2004					-9680				0010	
	2280				Ĉ2		2006					-1097	58		2	0010	821
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US	2004	0602	68		A1		2004	0401		US	2003	-6761	89		2	0030	930
	6924				В2		2005										
	2004		69		A1		2004			US	2003	-6762	39		2	0030	930
	6955		-10		B2		2005				0000	67167	0.5			000-	0.00
	2004 7090		12		T C2 A A A1 B2 A1 B2 A1 B2 A1 B2		2004 2006			US	2003	-6761	85		2	0030	930
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	7070		- u		B2		2004			55	2001	1313	- 1		2	.040	
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ΡI

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		7179317	B2	20070220			
	US	2005183405	A1	20050825	US	2005-110625	20050420
	US	7090712	B2	20060815			
	US	2006117730	A1	20060608	US	2006-331555	20060116
	US	7270693	B2	20070918			
	US	2007271883	A1	20071129	US	2006-398788	20060406
	US	7318852	B2	20080115			
	US	2007283808	A1	20071213	US	2006-398922	20060406
	US	7316723	B2	20080108			
	US	2006196359	A1	20060907	US	2006-411577	20060425
	US	7270692	B2	20070918			
	US	2007271891	A1	20071129	US	2006-592402	20061102
	US	7318853	B2	20080115			
	AU	2007201000	A1	20070329	AU	2007-201000	20070307
	US	2008010959	A1	20080117	US	2007-901686	20070918
	IN	2007DN09873	A	20080118	IN	2007-DN9873	20071219
PRAI	US	2000-230138P	P	20000905			
	US	2001-871583	A	20010531			
	US	2001-871156	A	20010531			
	US	2001-871582	A	20010531			
	US	2001-871590	A	20010531			
		2001-84771	T0	20010809			
	CN	2001-815165	A3	20010809			
		2001-963852	A3	20010809			
	WO	2001-US24948	W	20010809			
	ΕP	2001-962050	A3	20010810			
		2001-963922	A3	20010810			
		2001-US26045	W	20010821			
		2003-DE276	A3	20030303			
		2003-676189	A3	20030930			
		2003-741788	A1	20031219			
		2004-894848	A1	20040719			
		2005-110625	A1	20050420			
	US	2006-411577	A1	20060425			

AB Polymer mixts, are conditioned or treated at elevated temps, so as to form a single chemical specie or an annealed blend are useful for formation of micro- and nanofibers for filters with improved efficiency and

increased resistance to temperature and humidity. Typical fibers were manufactured

by electrospinning blends of 50-80 parts SVP 651 (nylon 6-nylon 66-nylon 610 copolymer) and 20-50 parts GP 5137 (HCHO-phenol resin) and heating the fibers at, e.g., 90° for 12 h for the 65:35 blend.

L8 ANSWER 12 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AN 2002:688129 CAPLUS

DN 137:217369

TI Method for manufacture of colorless bisphenol A IN

Hirano, Kazuyuki; Fujimoto, Takeshi PA Idemitsu Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent

LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1

	PA:	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPI	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D.	ATE	
							-									-		
PI	JP 2002255881					A		2002	0911		JP 2	2001-	6020	1		2	0010	305
	WO 2002070444					A1		2002	0912		WO 2	2002-	JP15:	35		2	0020	221
	W: BR, CN, II			ID,	IN,	KR,	SG,	US,	za									
		RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,

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PT, SE, TR
     EP 1367043
                          A1 20031203 EP 2002-700662
                                                                     20020221
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI, CY, TR
     IN 2002CN01791 A
                               20050211
                                            IN 2002-CN1791
                                                                    20021030
     US 2003120120
                         A1 20030626 US 2002-258578
                                                                    20021031
     US 6686508
                         B2 20040203
PRAI JP 2001-60201
                         A 20010305
    WO 2002-JP1535
                         W
                                20020221
AB The method includes reaction of acetone with excess phenol in
    the presence of acid catalysts to give bisphenol A.
     condensation of the reaction mixts., recrystn. and separation of
     bisphenol A-phenol adduct from the
     condensates, dissoln. of the adduct in phenol-containing
     solvents, recrystn. and separation from bisphenol A-
     phenol adduct from the solns., optionally repeating
     dissoln., recrystn., and separation, melting the adduct by heat, and
     elimination of phenol, wherein the solns. are filtered before
     the recrystn. and separation Thus, a phenol solution of
     bisphenol A-phenol adduct manufactured by
     using Diaion SK 103H (acid cation exchanger) was filtered with a glass
     fiber filter. Bisphenol A given from the
     filtered solution showed APHA 15.
    ANSWER 13 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
L8
AN
     2001:449826 CAPLUS
DN
    135:46600
    separation and purification of bis(4-hydroxyaryl)alkanes using a vacuum
TI
    drum filter
    Neumann, Rainer; Lanze, Rolf; Heydenreich, Friedrich; Boediger, Michael;
IN
    Prein, Michael
PA
    Bayer A.-G., Germany
SO
    Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
    Patent
T.A
    German
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                        ____
PΙ
    DE 19961521
                         A1
                               20010621 DE 1999-19961521
     WO 2001046105
                         A1 20010628 WO 2000-EP12323
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     BR 2000016505
                                20020827 BR 2000-16505
                                                                     20001207
                          A
     EP 1242350
                          A1
                                 20020925
                                             EP 2000-990667
                                                                     20001207
                               20040331
     EP 1242350
                          B1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
    JP 2003518049 T 20030603 JP 2001-546619
ES 2218277 T3 20041116 ES 2000-990667
TW 568901 B 20040101 TW 2000-89127150
IN 2002MN00733 A 20040313 IN 2002-MN733
MX 20022-M60699 A 20030128 MX 20022-M6899
US 2003038094 A1 20030227 US 2002-149905
                                                                     20001207
                                                                   20001207
20001219
                                                                    20020605
                                                                    20020619
                                                                    20020905
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HK 1054920 A1 20060106 HK 2003-107259 20031009
PRAI DE 1999-19961521 A 19991220
WO 2000-EP12323 W 20001207
AB Adducts of bis(4-hydroxyaryl)alkanes (prepared by acid-catalyzed
    reaction of aromatic hydroxy compds. with ketones) with hydroxyarenes are
     separated and purified by continuous filtration in a rotating vacuum drum
     filter. The drum filter contains filter cells
     including a suction zone, a washing zone, a dry suction zone, an aeration
     zone, and optionally a filter cake withdrawal zone and a cloth
     filter washing zone. The crystals (filter cake) are
     separated in an amount of 800 kg/h and washed in the washing zone with 50-150%
     PhOH (filter cake basis) at 45-70°. Process conditions
     (e.g. drum speed, filter cake thickness, circulation N2) are set
     so that the residual moisture content of the filter cake is
     <30%. Purified adduct crystals are melted on a heating spiral
     and collected in collecting tanks. Purification of 2,2-bis(4-
     hydroxyphenyl)propane (BPA) according to the process gave BPA crystals in
    a purity of >99% and with PhOH content of <50 ppm.
L8 ANSWER 14 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AN
    2000:725585 CAPLUS
    133:296855
DN
    Production of bisphenol A
    Yamamoto, Susumu; Kukidome, Atsumi; Nomura, Makoto; Maehara, Keiji;
IN
    Nagahama, Kenji
    Chiyoda Corp., Japan
PA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 11 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
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                                         _____
                       A1 20001012 WO 1999-JP4724
    WO 2000059853
                                                               19990831
PΤ
        W: AU, BR, CA, CN, ID, IN, KR, MX, PL, SG, TR, US, VN
        RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
            PT, SE
     JP 2000290209
                             20001017 JP 1999-92554
                                                                19990331
    JP 3903634
                       B2 20070411
    AU 9954466
                       A
                             20001023 AU 1999-54466
                                                               19990831
                             20020102 EP 1999-940594
    EP 1165476
                        A1
                                                                19990831
     EP 1165476
                       B1
                             20030611
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
     TW 467888
                             20011211 TW 1999-88116866
                        В
                                                                19990930
PRAI JP 1999-92554
WO 1999-JP4724
                       B1 20030128 US 2001-937401
                                                               20010926
                       A
                             19990331
                       TA7
                              19990831
     The production of bisphenol A comprises providing a melt
     of a crystalline adduct of bisphenol A and
     phenol, contacting the melt with a cation-donating solid to
     neutralize the strong acid contaminant contained in the melt, and then
     heating the melt to vaporize and remove phenol from the melt.
     This method diminishes the decomposition caused by the acid. An example was
     provided which used a glass fiber filter containing Na2O and CaO as
     the cation-donating solid to neutralize the acid.
             THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- AN 2000:828884 CAPLUS
- DN 133:350049
- Preparation of bisphenol A
- IN Havashi, Koichi; Harada, Takeshi; Nakamoto, Masahiko
- PA Mitsubishi Chemical Corp., Japan
- Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. SO
- CODEN: JKXXAF Patent
- LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2000327614	A	20001128	JP 1999-139633	19990520
	JP 3903644	B2	20070411		
DD 3 T	TD 2000 200000		200000000		

PRAI JP 1999-139633

AB A glass fiber filter is placed between either steps (a) and (b),

(b) and (c), or (d) and (e) in the preparation of the title compound (a known intermediate for polymers) comprising the following steps: (a) reaction of phenol and acetone in the presence of an acidic catalyst; (b)

removal of the catalyst and components with low b.ps. from the reaction mixture of step (a); (c) the reaction mixture is cooled to give the

precipitate (

bisphenol A-phenol adduct), and said

adduct is separated from the reaction mixture; (d) the heating and melting of said adduct; (e) removal of phenol from the mixture of step (d); (f) the bisphenol A is cooled,

solidified, and granulated. This invention provides bisphenol

A containing ≤ 20 ppm phenol, vs. bisphenol

A containing ≥ 20 ppm phenol obtained in the prior art.

- L8 ANSWER 16 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 1999:417978 CAPLUS
- DN 131:74141
- TI Manufacture of bisphenols and polycarbonates therefrom
- IN Kimura, Takato; Omori, Satoru; Sato, Yoshizo; Shimoda, Tomoaki
- PA Nihon GE Plastics, Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
- CODEN: JKXXAF DT Patent
- LA Japanese

F.F	M.CNT	1																
	PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		1	APE	LICAT	ION :	NO.		DA	ATE	
							-											
P1	JP	1118	0920			A		1999	0706		JΡ	1997-	3550	55		19	971:	224
	JP	3946	845			B2		2007	0718									
	US	6008	5008315 926118					1999	1228	Ţ	US	1998-	2086	51		19	981:	210
	EP	9261	926118					1999	0630	1	EΡ	1998-	3101	77		19	9812	211
	EP	926118			B1		2002	0911										
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK	, ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI	, RO										
	ES	2183	294			Т3		2003	0316	1	ΕS	1998-	3101	77		19	981	211
	SG	7188	3			A1		2000	0418	:	SG	1998-	5611			19	981	214
	CN	1227	834			A		1999	0908	(CN	1998-	1271	48		19	9812	224
	TW	4440	31			В		2001	0701		ΓW	1998-	8712	1628		19	981	224
PF	RAI JP	1997	-355	055		A		1997	1224									

AB Highly purified bisphenols are manufactured by reaction of phenols

and ketones and filtering the resulting liquid bisphenols or their mixture with phenols through a sintered metal filter. Thus,

treating 1/5 mol PhOH and Me2CO in the presence of sulfonic acid-type cation exchanger resin, distilling the resulting mixture, removing PhOH from resulting crude bisphenol Λ (I) solution to I content of 30%, precipitating I-PhOH adduct from the solution, melting the adduct, distilling PhOH from the mixture, and granulating gave purified I, which was melted at 185° and filtrated through a sintered SUS 316 filter to result in content of $0.5-1.0~\mu m$ particles of 1420/g. The filtrated I was polymerized with di-Ph carbonate to a polycarbonate showing the microparticle content of 1640/g-1.

- ANSWER 17 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 1994:412985 CAPLUS
- DN 121:12985
- TI Method for partial elimination of fine crystals from crystallizing slurry and manufacture of crystals with large granularity
- IN Zhang, Minghua; et al.
- PA China Petrochemical Development Corp., Peop. Rep. China
- SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 10 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV
- DT Patent
- LA Chinese
- FAN CNT 1

PAN.	TM T	Τ.																	
	PA:	ENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT:	ION I	NO.		D	ATE		
							-												
PI	CN	1074	626			A		1993	0728		CN 1	993-	1014	19		1	9930	217	
	CN	1027	422			В		1995	0118										
	WO 9419083 W: AT, AU, B					A1		1994	0901		WO 1	994-0	CN13			1	9940	216	
		W:	ΑT,	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	GB,	HU,	
			JP,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LU,	LV,	MG,	MN,	MW,	NL,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	
								US,											
		RW:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PΤ,	SE,	
			BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
	AU 9461057					A		1994	0914		AU 1	994-	6105	7		1	9940	216	
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PRAI	RAI CN 1993-101419						1993												
	WO 1994-CN13 W						1994	0216											

AB The method comprise: (a) supplying a part of crystallizing slurry containing fine

crystals having sizes less than a lower limit of granularity from a crystallizer to 1st- and/or 2nd crystal eliminator(s) via 1st filter (in the crystallizer) by a circulating pump and melting the fine crystals in the eliminator(s) by heating, keep crystallizing crystals having sizes larger than the lower limit of granularity in the crystallizer, and feeding back fine crystal-eliminated slurry to the crystallizer via 2nd filter (in the crystallizer) for crystallization; (b) after a switching period, operating the same procedures as process (a), except switching the 1st- and 2nd filter in the procedures for back-flushing; then repeating processes (a) and (b) for plural times. Crystals with large granularity and high purity are obtained. In example, bisphenol A-phenol adduct crystals having granularity 390 µm, and purity 99.99% were obtained by the method.

- 8 ANSWER 18 OF 18 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- AN 1978:426170 CAPLUS
- DN 89:26170
- OREF 89:4057a,4060a
- TI Use of synthetic resin mixtures for the production of biocide-containing coatings
- IN Neffgen, Bernd; Plum, Hans; Richter, Michael; Schroer, Ulrich
- PA Schering A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Ger. Offen., 26 pp.
- CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent LA German FAN.CNT 2

		PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
	PI	DE	2647604	A1	19780427	DE	1976-2647604	19761021
		ES	462158	A1	19790101	ES	1977-462158	19770906
		DK	7704262	A	19780422	DK	1977-4262	19770927
		NL	7710810	A	19780425	NL	1977-10810	19771003
		SE	7711818	A	19780422	SE	1977-11818	19771020
		NO	7703601	A	19780424	NO	1977-3601	19771020
		JP	53051236	A	19780510	JP	1977-126371	19771020
		FR	2368522	A1	19780519	FR	1977-31576	19771020
		BE	859997	A1	19780421	BE	1977-181967	19771021
	PRAI	DE	1976-2647604	A	19761021			
		DE	1976-2647605	A	19761021			

AB Durable biocidal and antifouling coatings contain as binders glycidyl compds. substituted with R3SnO groups (R = C3-6 hydrocarbyl) and as curing agents reaction products of OH-containing polyamines with trihydrocarbyltin oxides or alkoxides or of polyamines with stannyl 2-alkenoates. Thus, a bisphenol A epoxy resin (I) is condensed with excess ethylenediamine (II), and 100 g this product (OH number 0.41) is heated with 114 g (Bu3Sn)20 in PhMe 5 h with H2O distillation, giving a product containing

21.4% Sn. A filter paper is impregnated with 0.4 g solution of this

product 4.7, 75% xylene solution of I 90.9, and 55% solution of I-II adduct (amine number 210) 49.3 g. The paper completely inhibits the growth of Aspergillus niger (3 wk, 30°), while strong growth occurs in the absence of Sn.